

골관절염 세포유전자 치료제

인보사

2017.12.28

코오롱생명과학 김 수정

코오롱생명과학



설립일

2000년 TissueGene Asia 설립

2006년 코오롱생명과학(주)으로 사명 변경

소재지

본사: 경기도 과천시

연구소: 서울, 성남

공장: 충주, 음성, 김천

상장

2009년 코스닥 상장

사업 분야

바이오 신약, 원료의약품, polymer

임직원수

480명

적응증: 골관절염 (Osteoarthritis)



[원인]

관절 내 연골 손상 및 염증기전 악순환에 의해 발생

[증상]

통증, 뻣뻣함, 관절 운동 범위 감소, 종창

현재 치료법 및 한계

퇴행성관절염 진행 : 초기  중기  말기 



생활습관 개선
물리 치료



진통제

- 장기 복용 X
- 부작용 발생

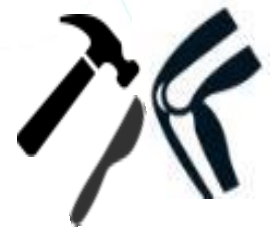


무릎 주사

- HA
- Steroid



“질병 계속 진행”



인공관절수술

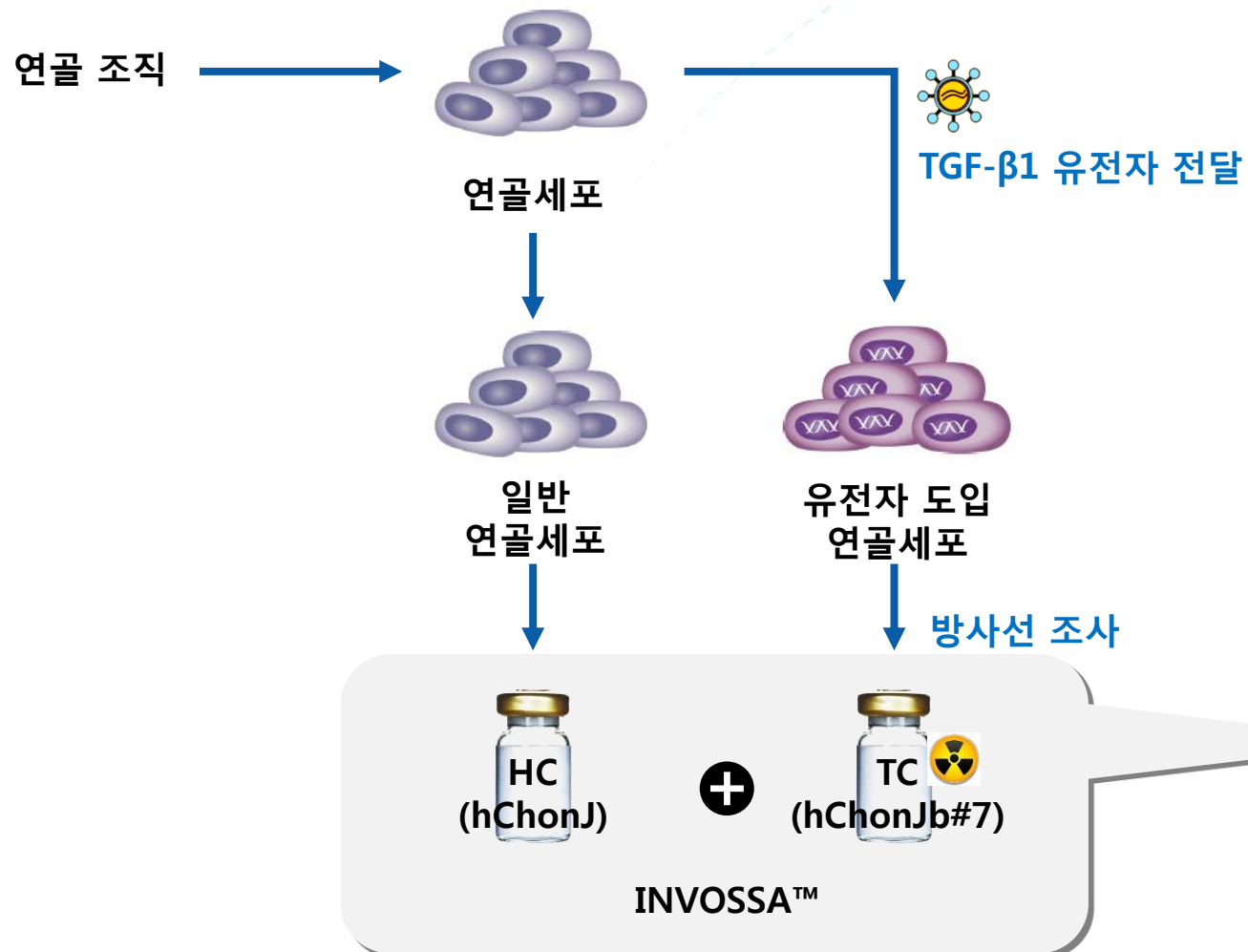
- 마취 부담
- 재수술 필요

— 치료법 Gap 존재 —

INVOSSA

인보사 (Invossa)

세계 최초 동종 세포유전자 치료제



관절 주사
단회 투여

허가 정보

+ 성분

이름	성분	용량
1액 (2 mL)	동종 연골세포 (HC)	1.35×10^7 세포
2액 (1 mL)	TGF- β 1 유전자도입 동종 연골세포 (TC)	4.5×10^6 세포

+ 적응증

-3개월 이상의 보존적 요법(약물치료, 물리치료 등)에도 불구하고 증상이 지속되는 **중등도 무릎 골관절염**(Kellgren & Lawrence grade 3)의 치료

+ 용법용량

-무릎 관절강내 투여

투여 방법

인보사-케이주 1 KIT



- 인보사-케이주 1 KIT :
 - ① HC 1.35×10^7 cells/2mL
 - ② TC 0.45×10^7 cells/1mL
- 보관 조건 :
LN₂ tank (< -135°C)
- 유통 기한: 2년

투약 과정

1 세포 해동 at 37°C



2 주사기 충전



4 주사



3 가볍게 흔들어 혼합



개발 History

1999년 연구 개시, 2017년 한국 품목허가

한국 임상

- 2006 임상 1상 승인 (승인번호 : 생물의약품안전팀 15942호)
- 2009 임상 2a상 승인
- 2011 임상 2b상 승인
- 2013 임상 3상 승인
- 2016 품목허가 신청
- 2017 품목허가

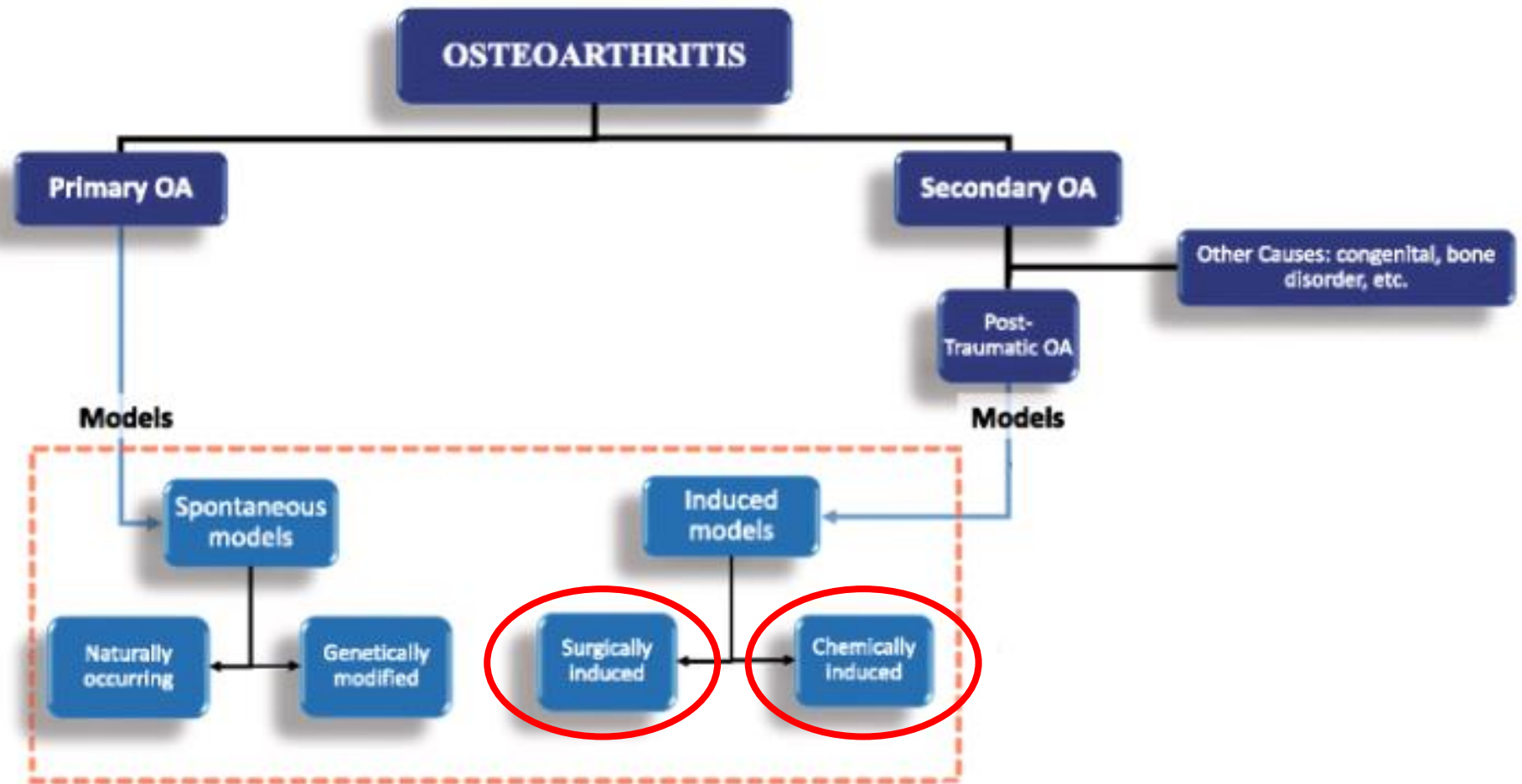
미국 임상

- 2006 임상 1상 승인
- 2010 임상 2상 승인
- 2015 임상 3상 승인 (SPA)

비임상 연구

- 약리 시험
- 독성 시험

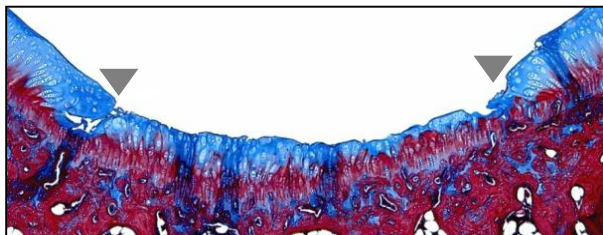
동물 모델



토끼 모델에서 연골 재생 확인

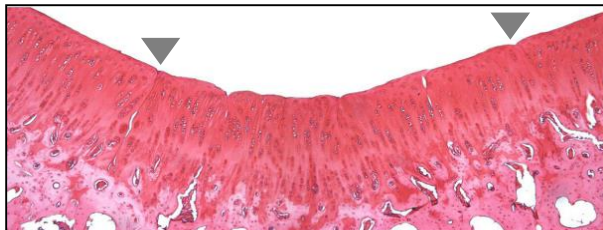
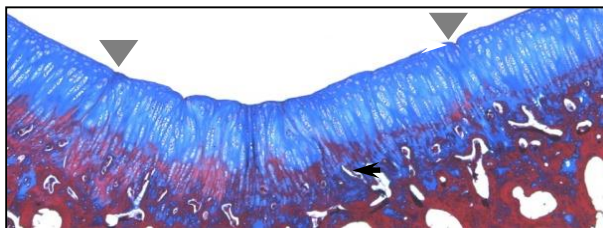
토끼 연골 손상 모델

대조군

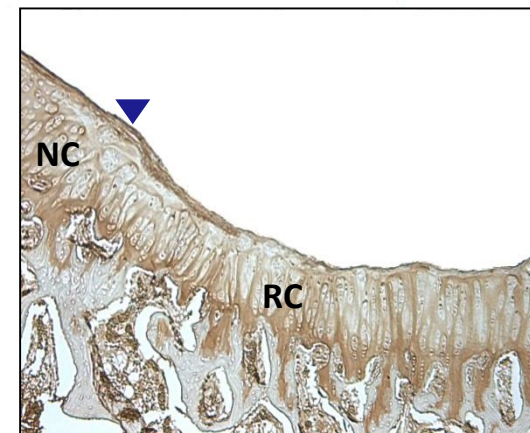


Masson's
trichrome
staining

Invossa



S/O
staining



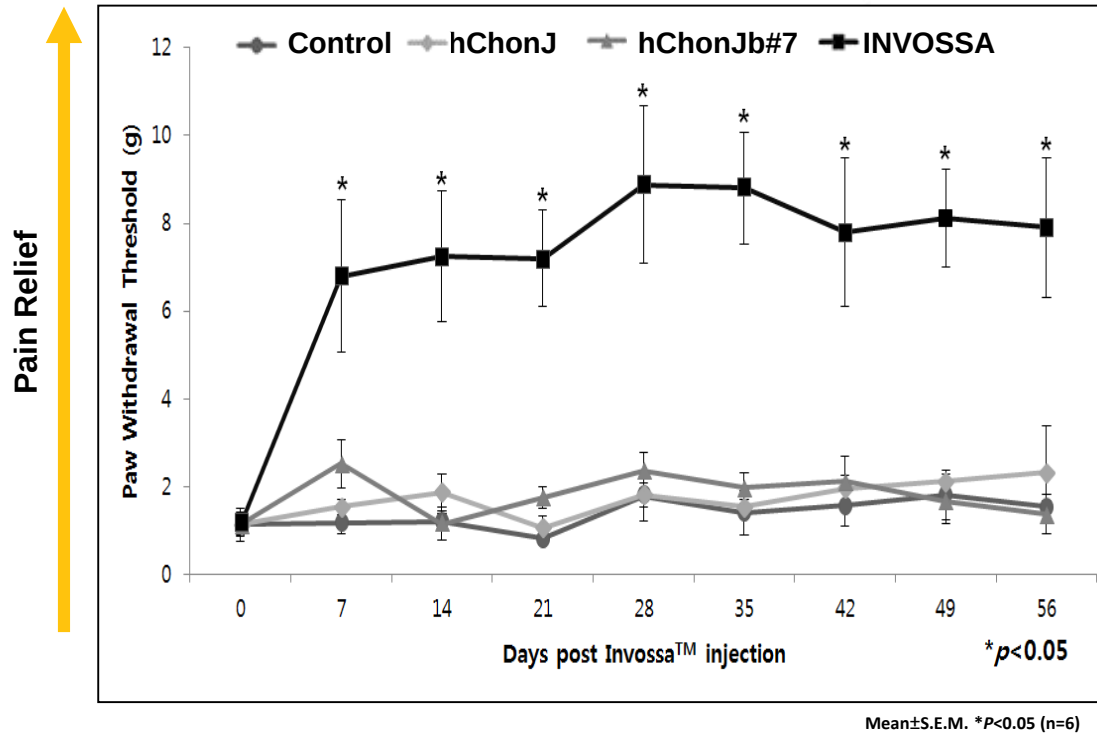
Type II collagen

NC: normal cartilage (정상연골)
RC: regenerated cartilage (재생연골)

Rat 모델에서 통증 개선 및 연골 재생 확인

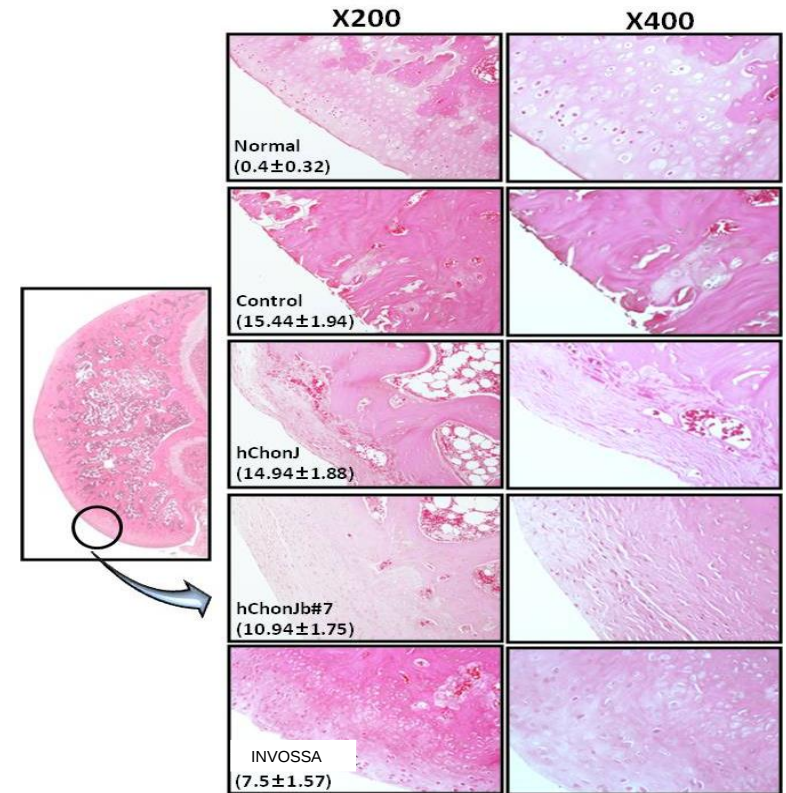
Rat MIA model

von Frey Filament test



Control, CS-10; hChonJ, 9.0×10^5 ; hChonJb#7, 3.0×10^5 ; INVOSSA®, 1.2×10^6

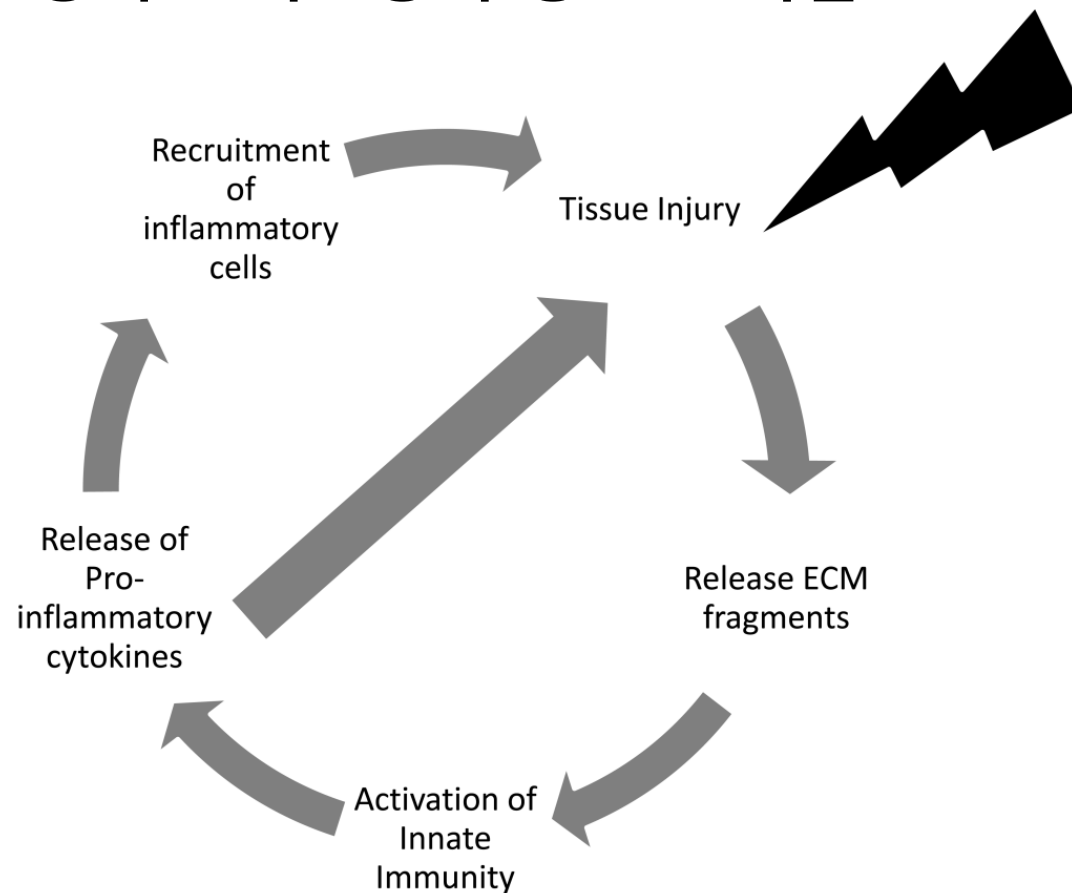
H&E Staining



Harvested at day 56 post treatment

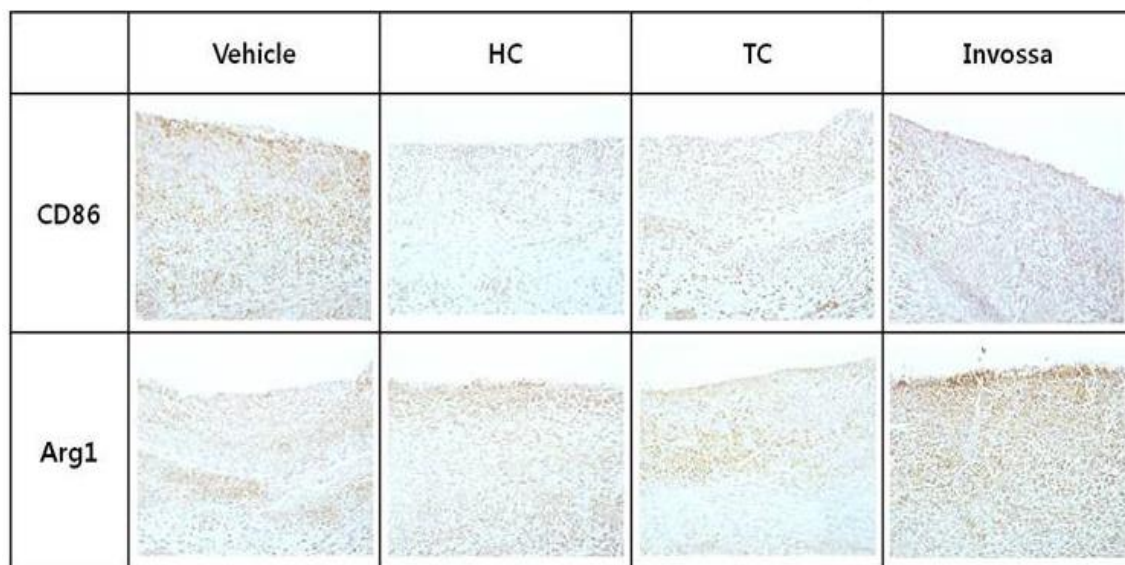
작용 기전은?

- 관절 내 염증 반응에 주목
- 골관절염 진행에 면역반응이 중요한 역할



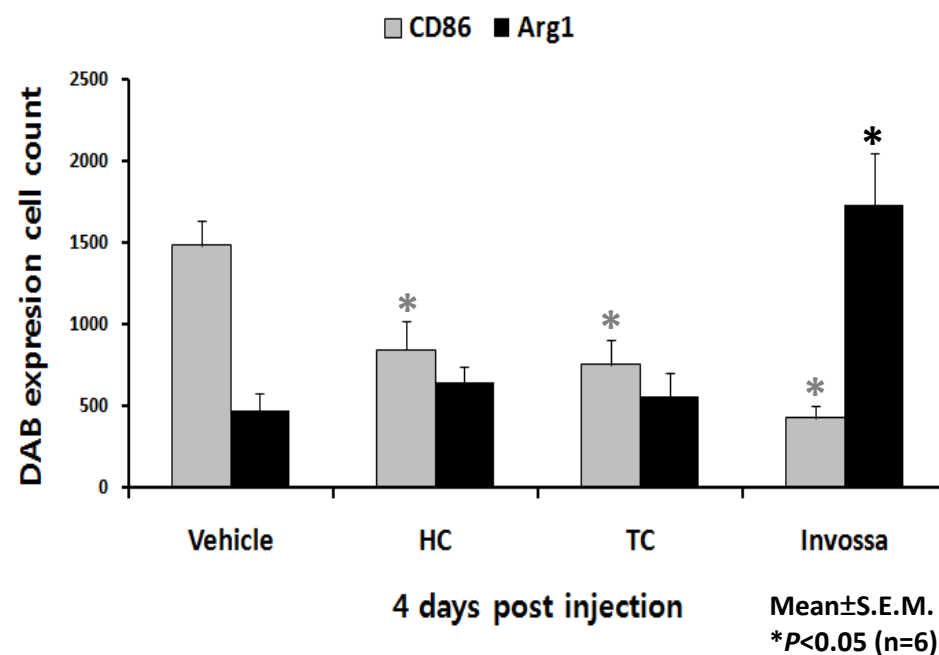
M2 Macrophage 유도

Immunohistochemistry (CD86/Arg1)



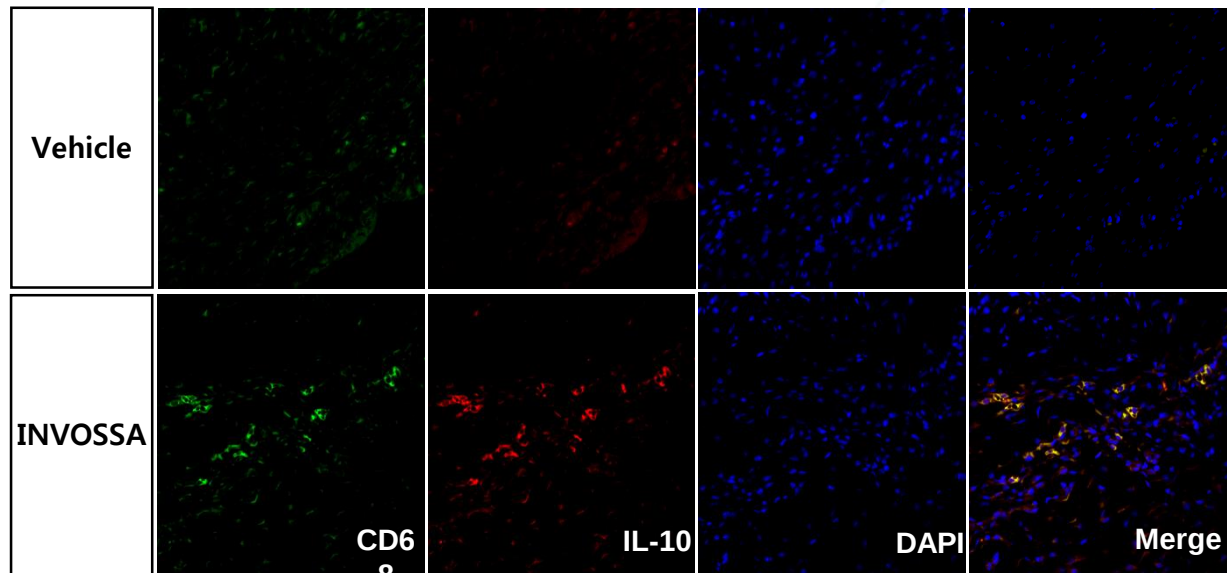
Synovial membrane, harvested at day 4 following treatment X200

Macrophage polarization



IL-10 분비 증가

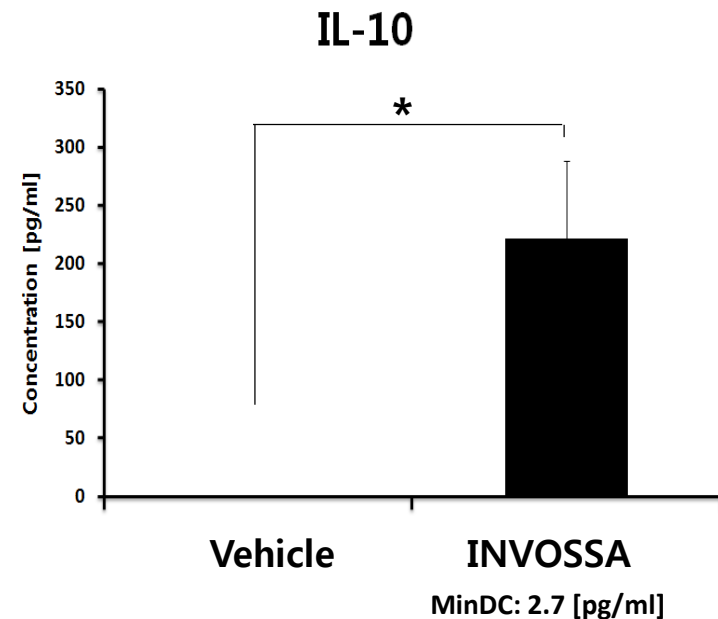
Dual Immunofluorescence(CD68/IL-10)



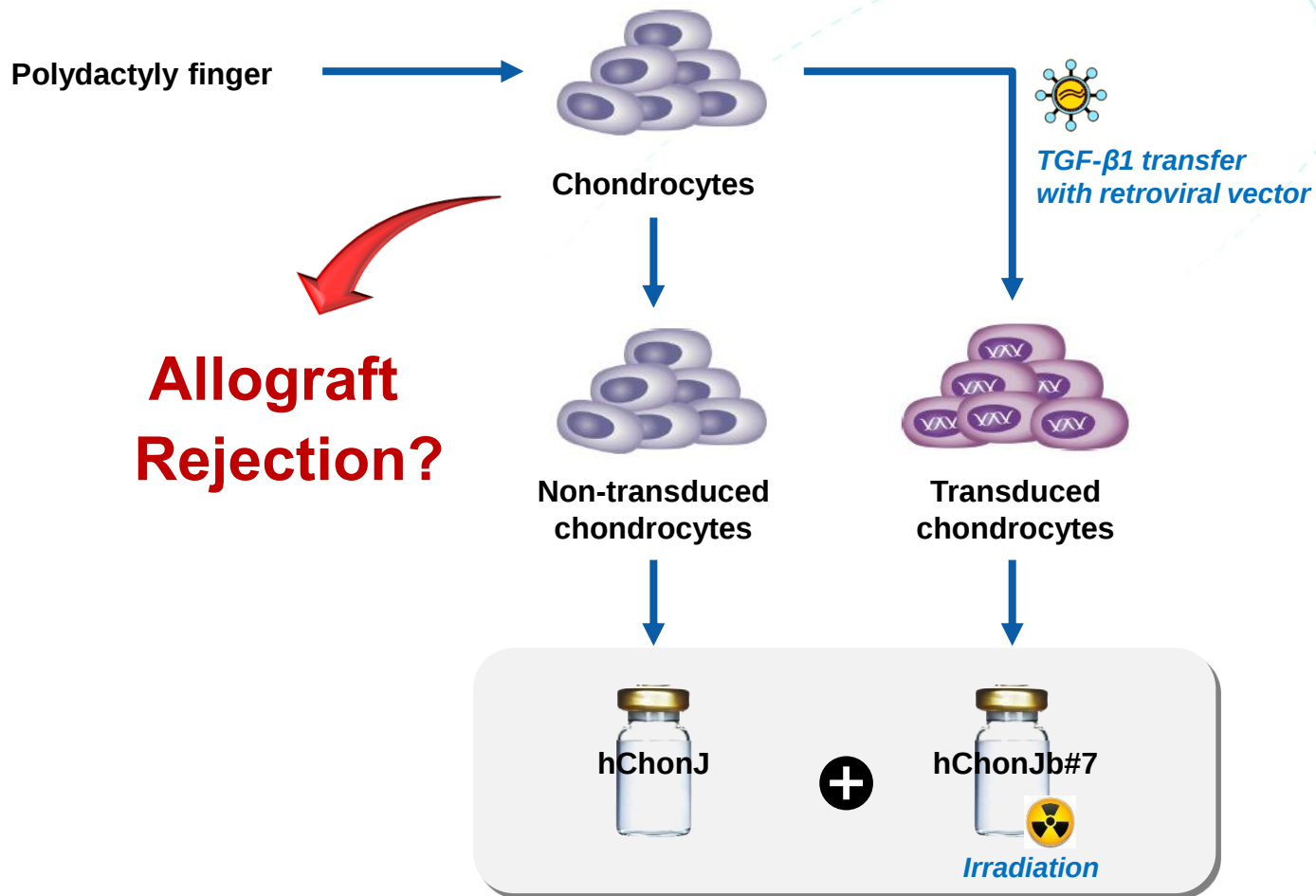
Synovial membrane, harvested at day 4 following treatment

X400

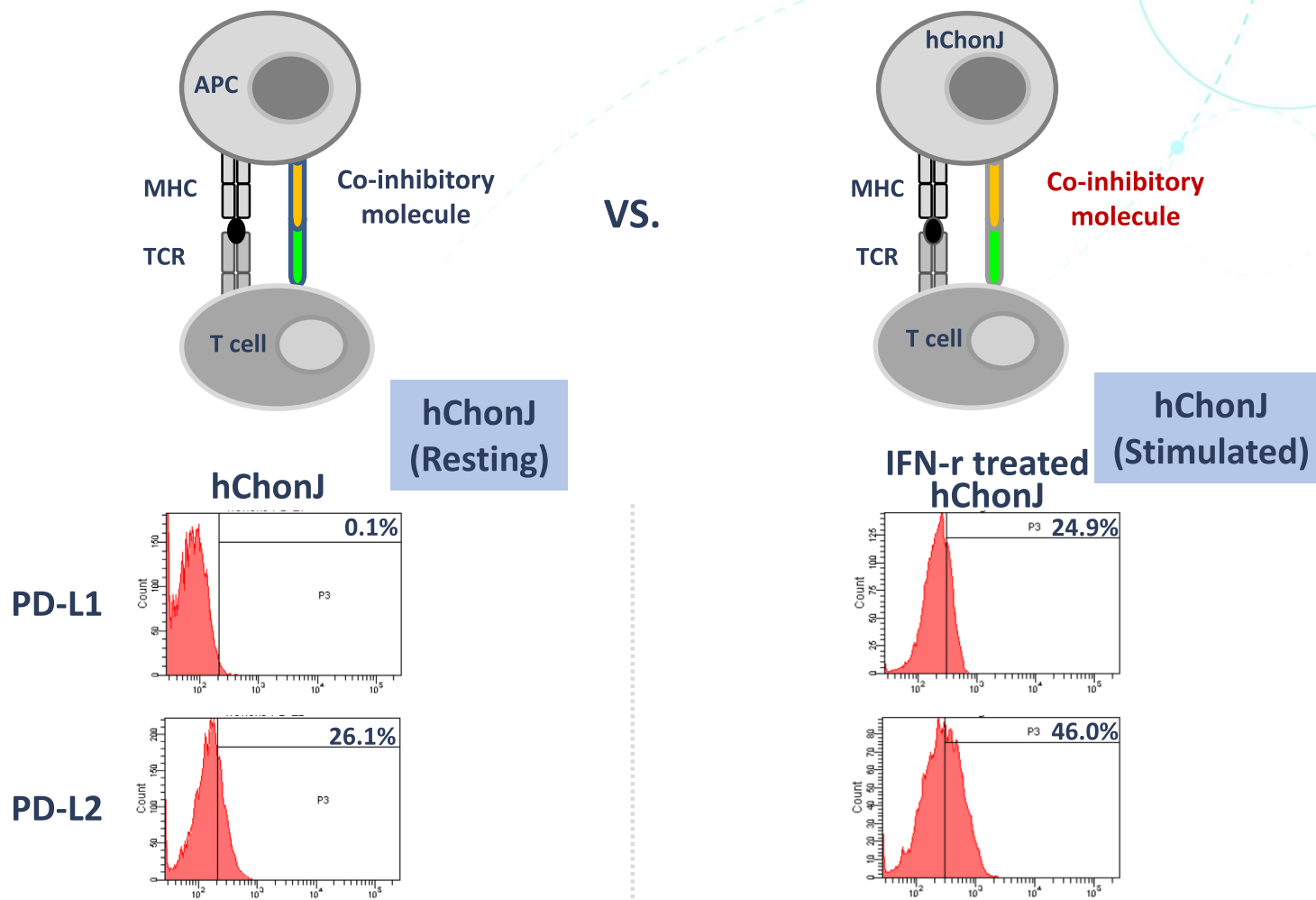
Multiplex Cytokine assay



인보사의 면역원성



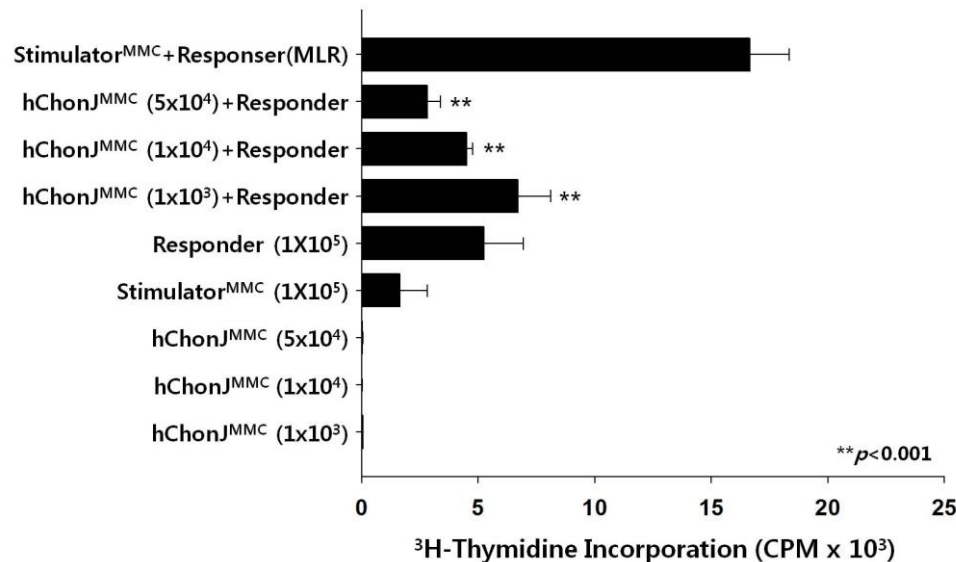
hChonJ Expressing T Cell Co-Inhibitory Molecules



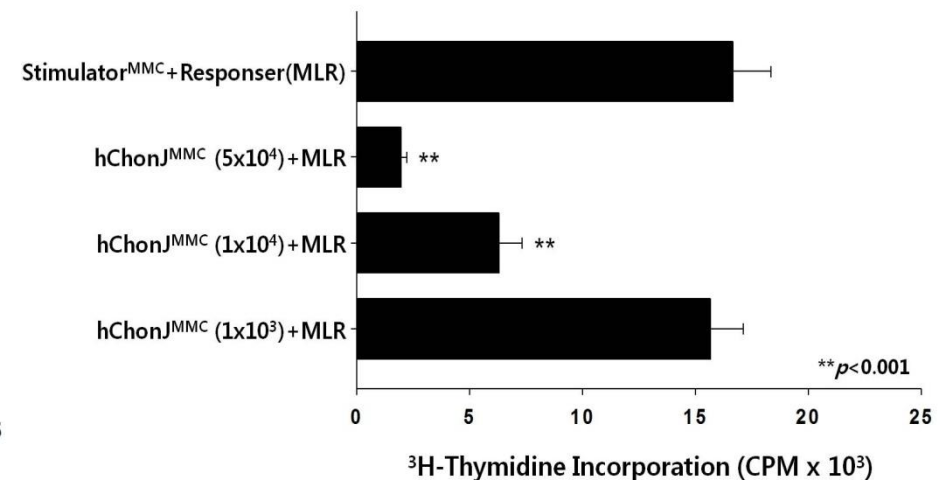
hChonJ Not Stimulating, but Inhibiting MLR

Mixed Lymphocyte Reaction Assay

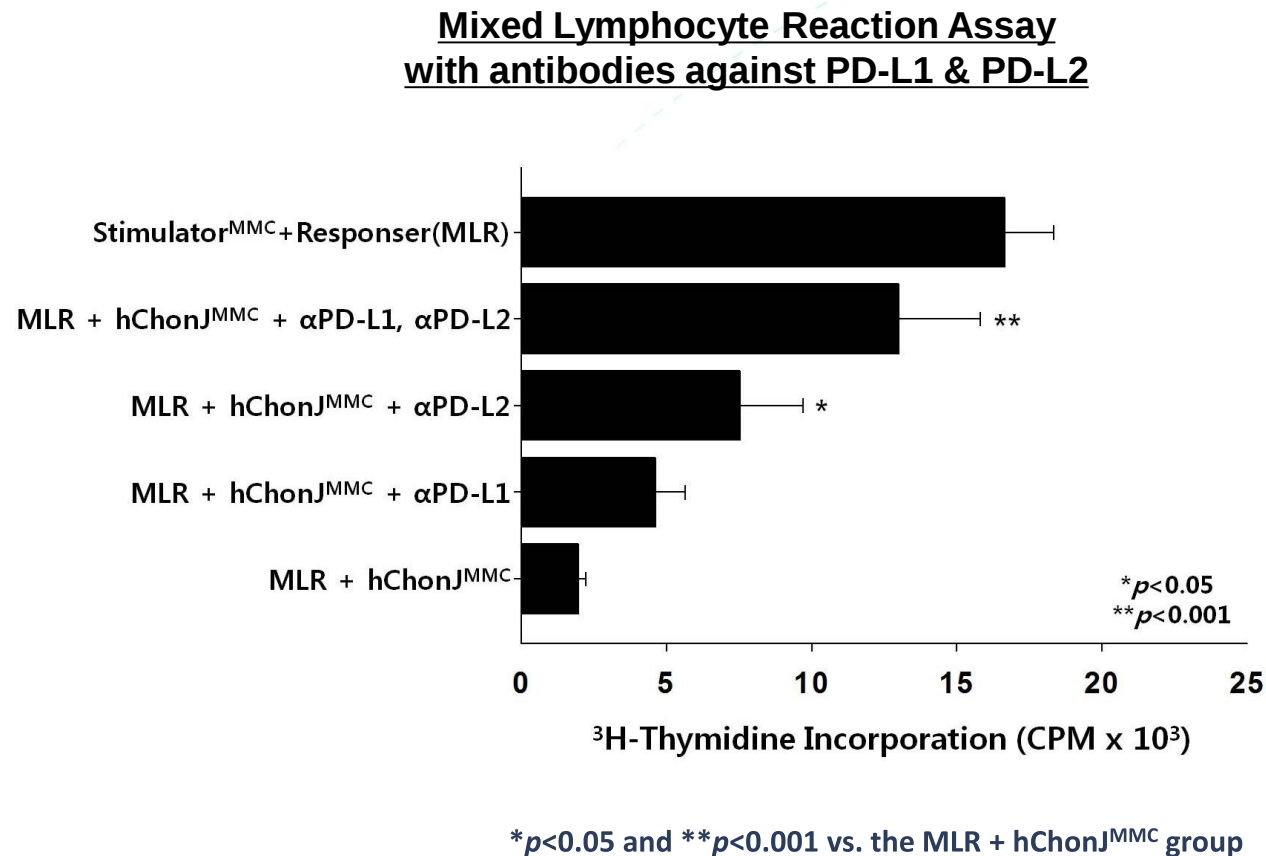
No stimulation of Immune Reaction



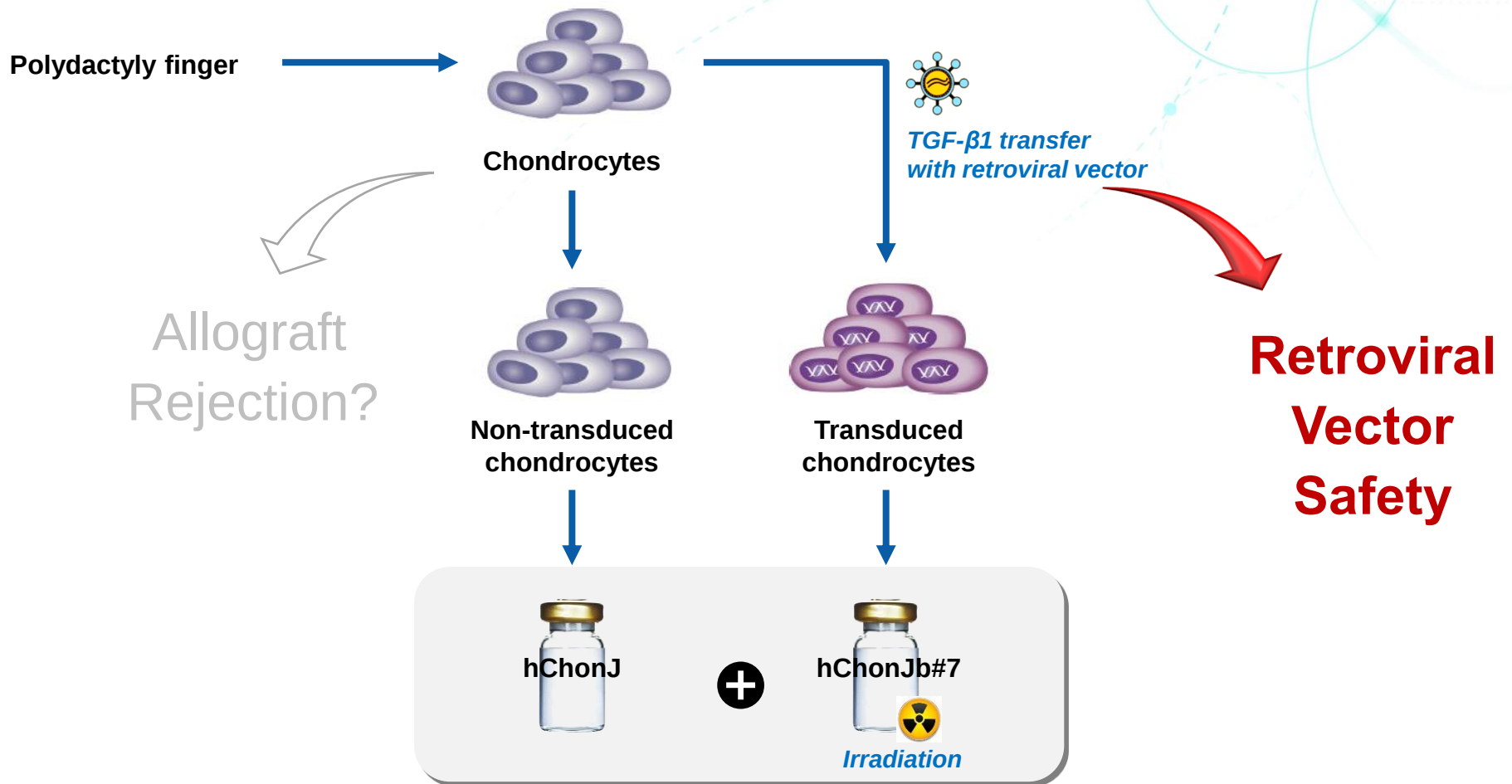
Inhibition of Immune Reaction



hChonJ Suppressing Immune Response through PD-L1 & PD-L2



Retroviral Vector Safety of Invossa

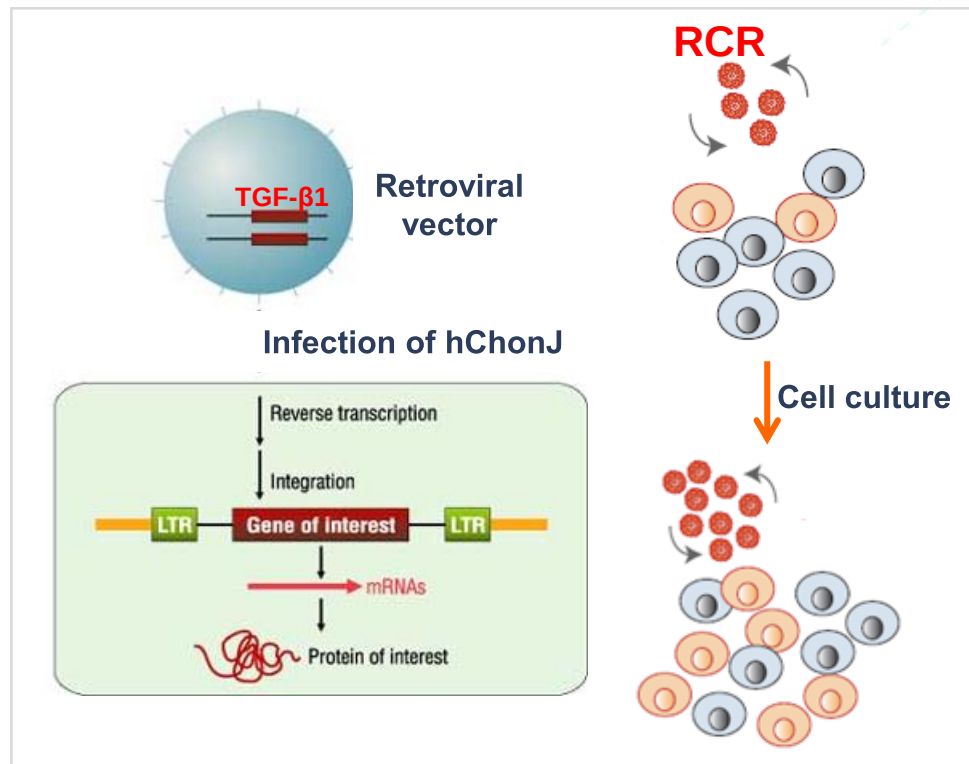


Retroviral Vector Safety of Invossa

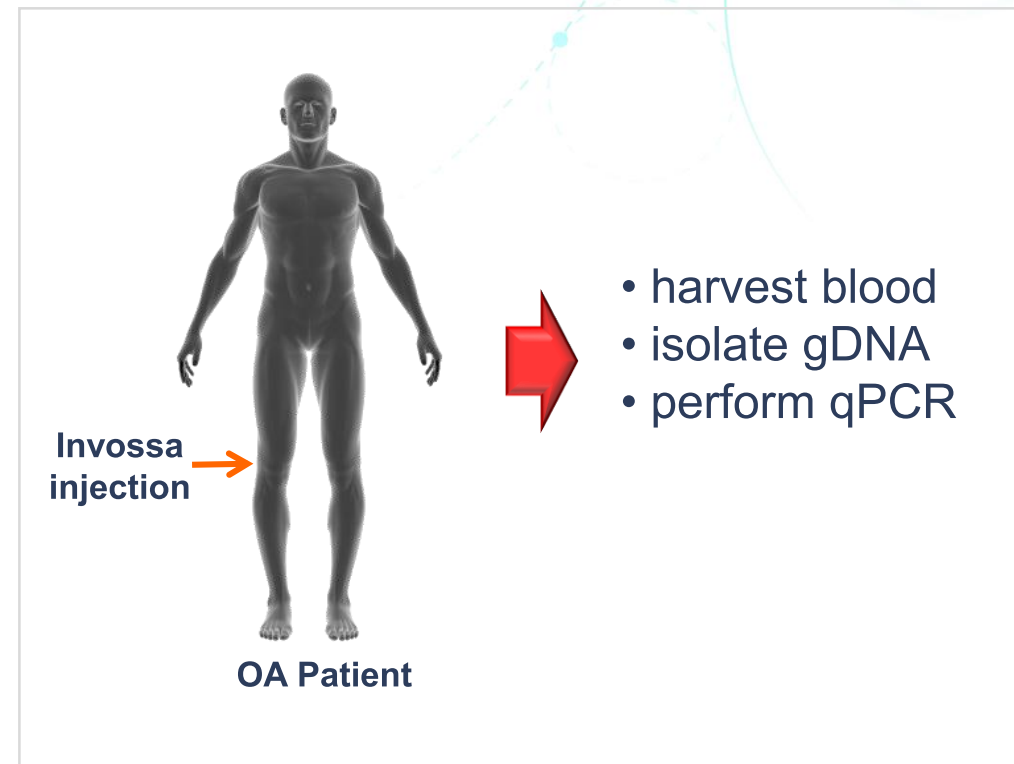
- 1. Replication competent retrovirus (RCR) test**
- 2. Insertion site analysis of integrated DNA**
- 3. Irradiation**

No RCR Detected

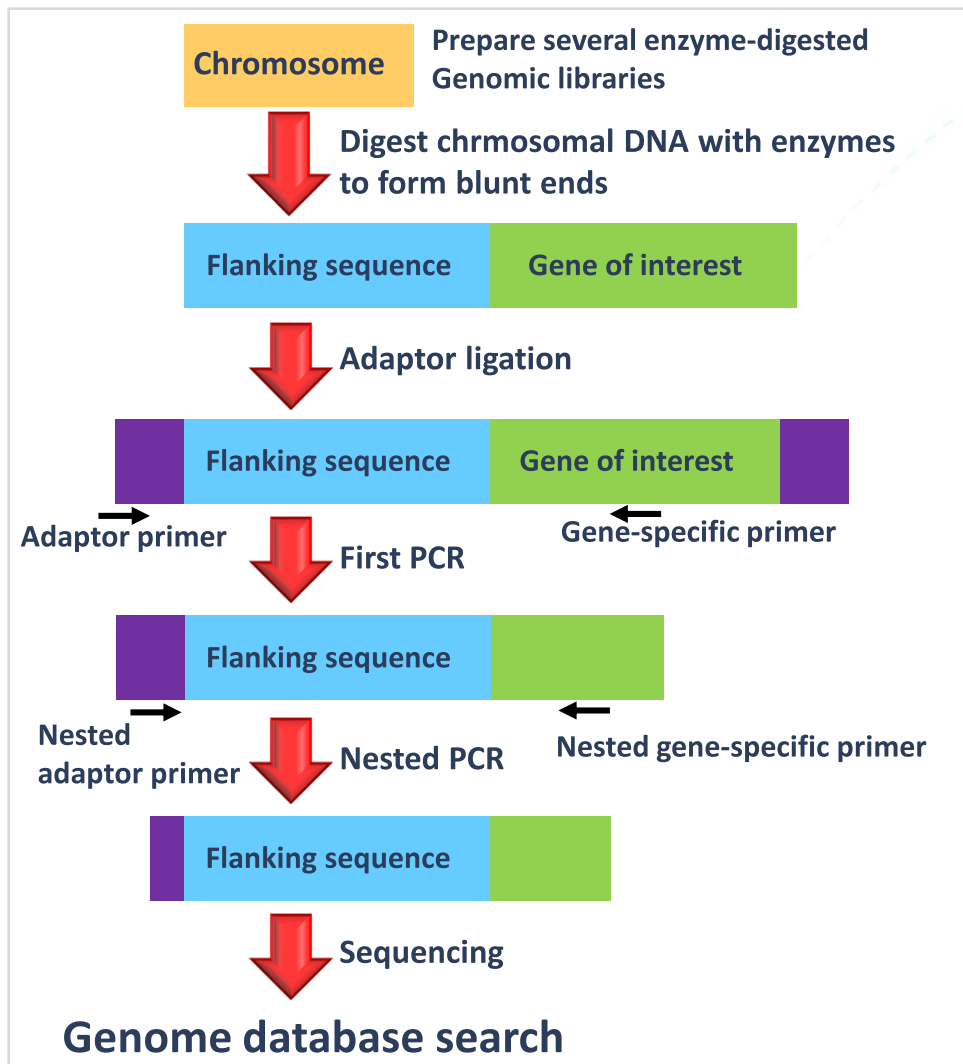
Post Cell Production



Post Patient Dosing



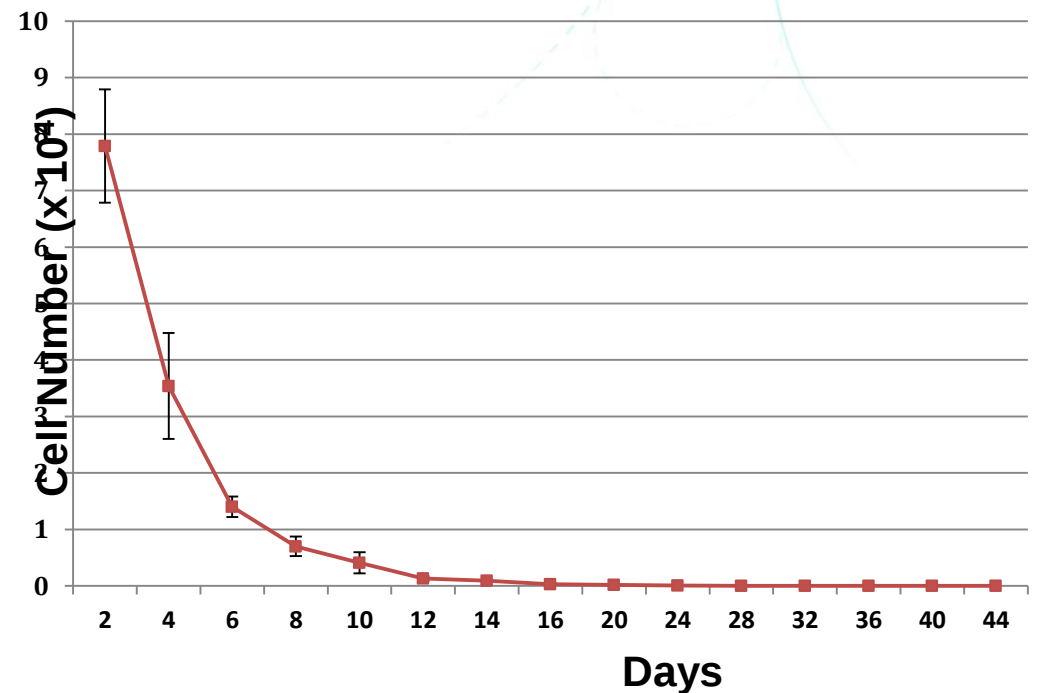
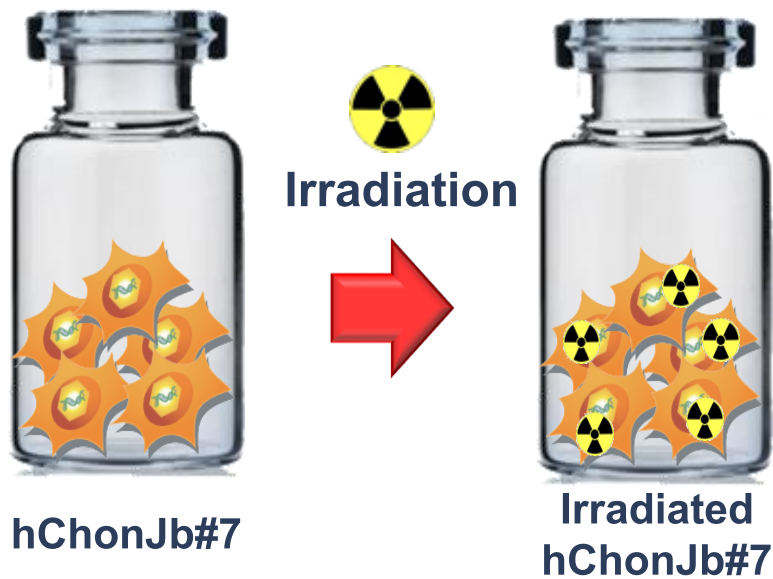
No oncogenes Near All Integration Sites



No	Insertion Chr. (Accession no.)	Insertion site	Transcriptional change
1	X Chromosome (L78810)	• ADP/ATP carrier protein(ANT-2)	No
2	Chromosome 12 (AC012085)	• Suppressor of cytokine signaling2 (SOCS2)	Up regulation
3	Chromosome 3 (AC117515)	• Similar to Roundabout homologus 2(RH2)	N/A
4	Chromosome 20 (AL035652)	• 2 nd intron of the Topoisomerase I (TOP1)	No
5	Chromosome 1 (AL954711)	• profilin 1(PFN1) pseudogene • peptidylprolyl isomerase A(PPIA) pseudogene	N/A N/A
6	Chromosome 10 (AL356608)	• 1 st intron of Cyclin M2(CNNM2)	No
7	X Chromosome (AC002349)	• putative transcription factor XPRF	N/A No
8	Chromosome 2 (AC012595)	• non-coding sequence	N/A
9	Chromosome 9 (AL162733)	• Last intron of Protein tyrosine phosphatase, non-receptor type 3(PTPN3)	No
10	Chromosome 16 (AC009065)	• RNA binding protein S(RNPS1) • DC1 • Hypothetical protein (LOC388204)	No No N/A
11	Chromosome 10 (AL157892)	• non-coding sequence	N/A
12	Chromosome 1 (AL590422)	• 2 nd intron of RGL1 (Ral ganine nucleotide dissociation)	No
13	Chromosome 16 (AC135050)	• hypothetical protein(FIJ13479) • zinc finger protein(KIAA0296) • vitamin K epoxide reductase(VKORC1) • branched chain alpha-ketoacid dehydrogenase(BCKDK) • syntaxin 4A placental(STX4A)	N/A N/A No No No
14	Chromosome 18 (AP005210)	• hypothetical protein	N/A

Irradiation Ensuring Proliferation Incompetent

< 2 weeks survival after irradiation



임상시험

- 한국 3상
- 미국 2상

Study design

위약 대조, 이중 눈가림, 무작위배정, 다기관 공동 제 3상 임상 시험

목적	대조군 대비 안전성 및 유효성 평가		
대상자 선정 기준	무릎 퇴행성관절염 환자, K&L Grade 3, ICRS Grade 3 or 4, 병변 크기 6cm ² 이하		
	그룹	시험약	대상자 수
	시험군	INVOSSA™ (1.8 x 10 ⁷ cells/knee, 3.0mL)	78
	대조군	Placebo (Normal Saline, 3.0mL)	78
투여/관찰기간	무릎 관절강 내 1회 투여 투여 후 12개월 관찰		
평가 변수	1차 : IKDC, VAS 2차 : WOMAC, KOOS, X-Ray (Joint Space Width), MRI		
시험 참여 기관	서울대병원, 서울아산병원, 삼성서울병원, 인하대병원, 울산대병원, 경북대병원, 이화여대 목동병원, 전북대병원, 한양대병원, 서울성모병원, 충북대병원, 인제대 백병원		

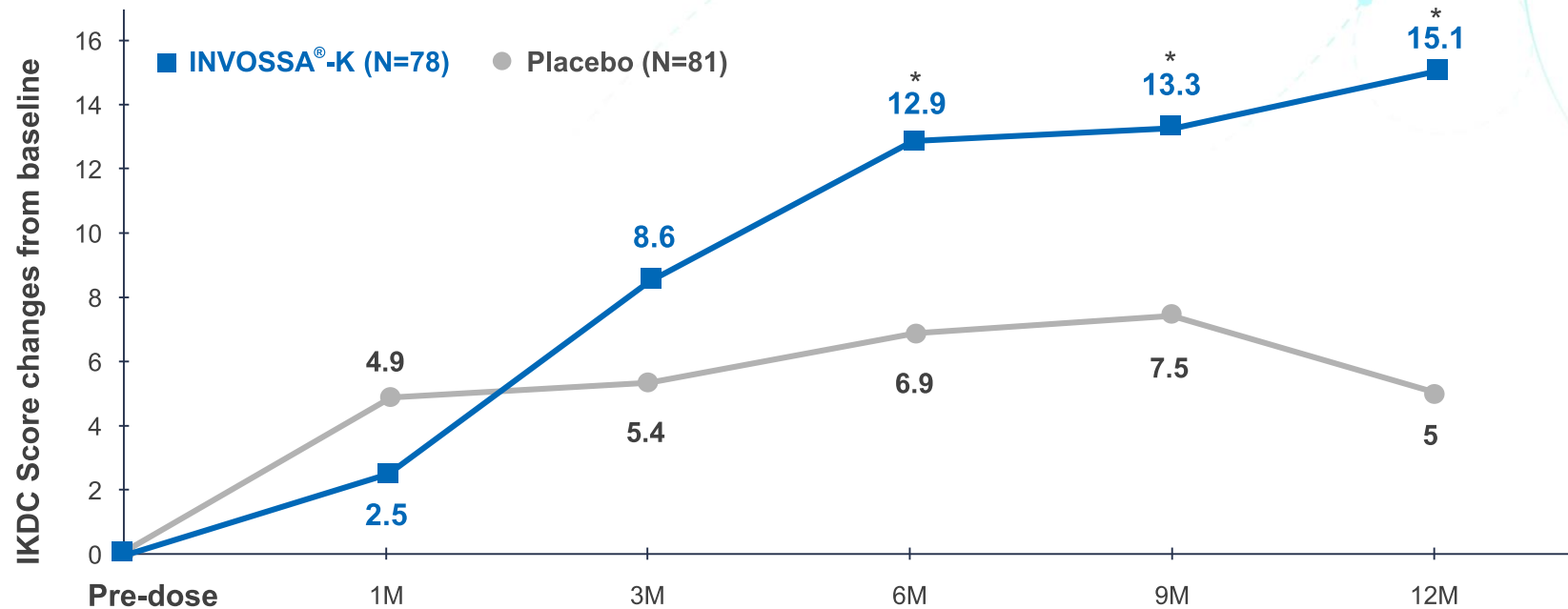
Patients Population

두 군간 유의한 차이 없음

Parameter	Statistic	INVOSSA [®] -K (N=78) N (%)	Placebo (N=81) N (%)	Total (N=159) N (%)	P-value
Gender	Male	18 (23.1)	11 (13.6)	29 (18.2)	0.1211
	Female	60 (76.9)	70 (86.4)	130 (81.8)	
Age (year)	Mean (range)	61.6 (31-79)	61.5 (44-77)	61.5 (31-79)	0.6117
	30~40	1 (1.3)	0 (0.00)	1 (0.63)	
	40~50	5 (6.4)	4 (4.9)	9 (5.7)	
	50~60	20 (25.7)	30 (37.0)	50 (31.5)	
	60~70	42 (53.9)	33 (40.7)	75 (47.2)	
	70~80	10 (12.8)	14 (17.3)	24 (15.1)	
Body Mass Index (kg/m ²)	Mean (range)	25.4 (19.8-29.9)	25.7 (21.0-29.9)	25.6 (19.8-30.0)	0.4694
Lesion	Left knee	42 (55.1)	39 (48.2)	82 (51.6)	0.3786
	Right knee	35 (44.9)	42 (51.9)	23 (48.4)	
Disease duration (year)		5.7	5	5.3	0.5485

골관절염 증상 개선

+ 12개월까지 IKDC score 개선



[Baseline] INVOSSA®-K : 40.3 / Placebo : 39.6

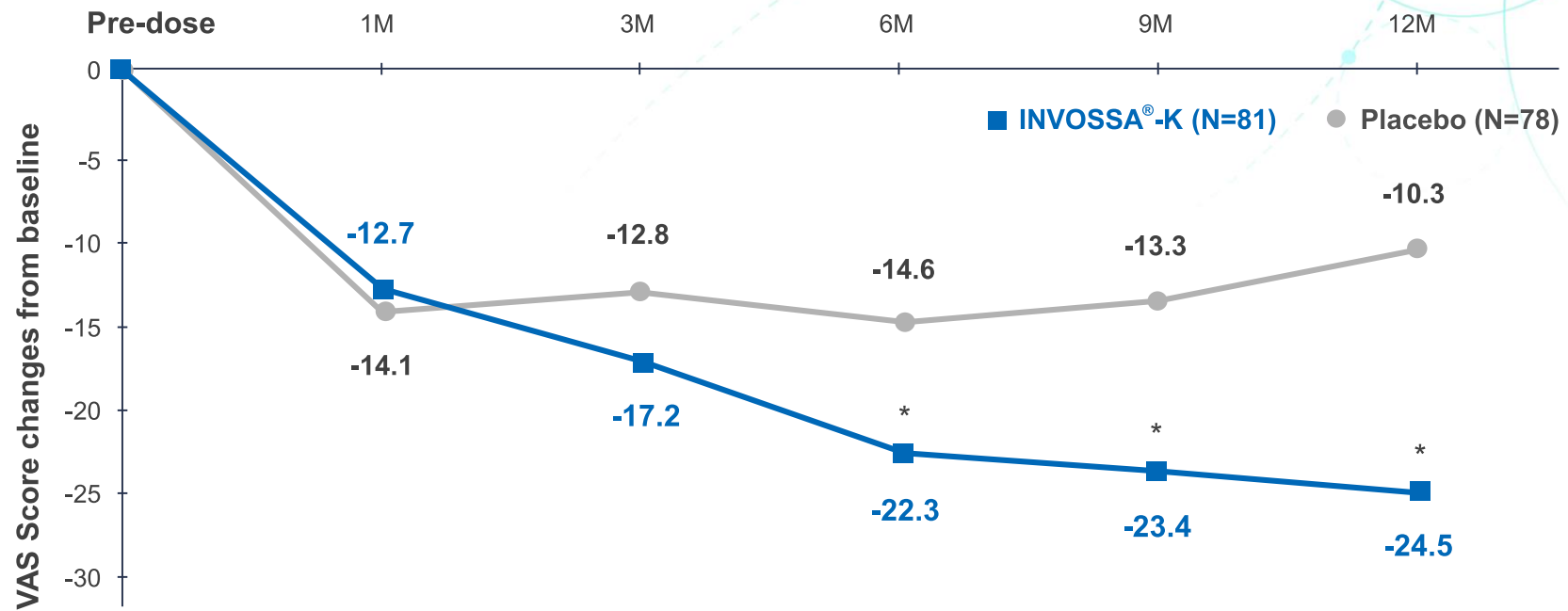
Statistical Analysis (within group): paired *t*-test (ITT Population)

*Between treatment group: two-sample *t*-test, *p*-value<0.05;

IKDC (International Knee Documentation Committee): Symptom, sports activity and function

통증 완화

+ 12개월까지 VAS 개선



[Baseline] INVOSSA®-K : 60.0 / Placebo : 62.3

Statistical Analysis (within group): paired *t*-test (ITT Population)

*Between treatment group: two-sample *t*-test, *p*-value<0.05;

100mm VAS (Visual Analogue Scale): 0 being no pain and 100 being intolerable pain

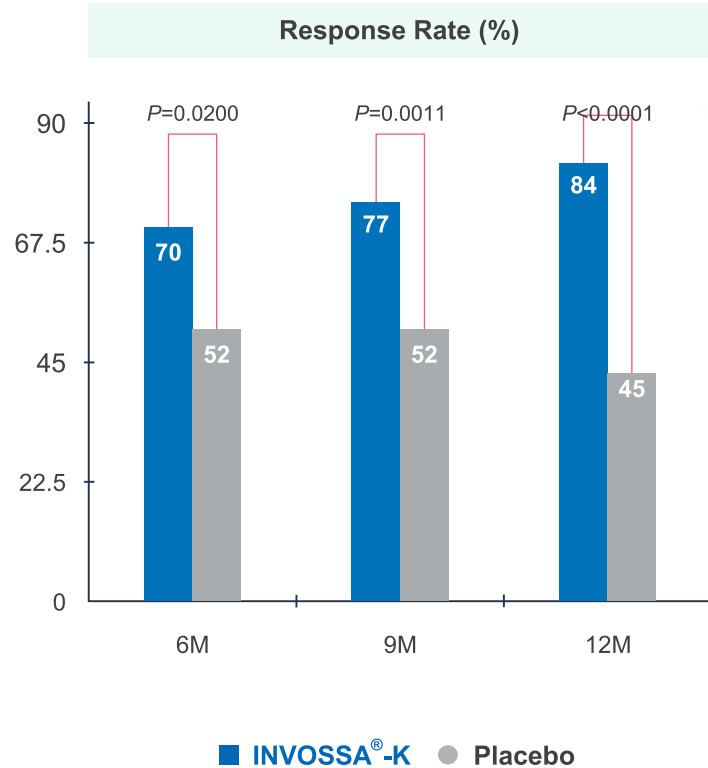
163명의 퇴행성 무릎 골관절염 환자를 대상으로 인보사®-케이와 위약을 1회 투여 후 12개월 추적 관찰한 (한국) 제3상 임상시험

1) Jung Jong Cho, INVOSSA®-K (TissueGene-C) in patients with osteoarthritis: A phase III trial. OARSI 2016 World congress; Poster No. 322

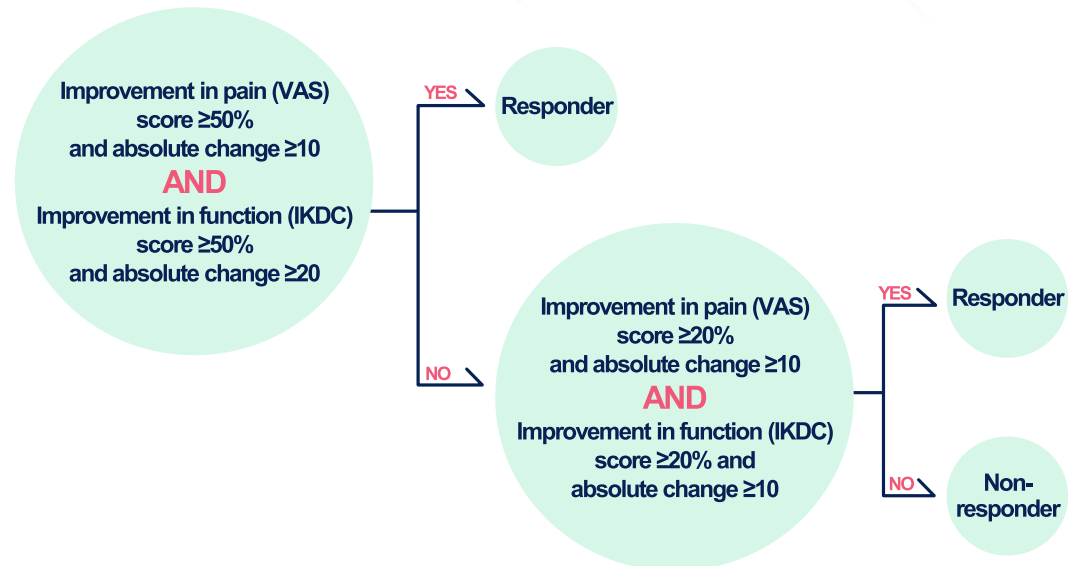
2) Data on file. 퇴행성관절염 환자를 대상으로 세포매개성 유전자치료제인 '티슈진-C'의 유효성 및 안전성 평가를 위한 위약대조, 양측눈가림, 무작위배정, 평행군, 다기관 공동 제3상 임상시험. Protocol No. KS-TGC-01-3. CSR v1.0. 2016

높은 반응률

+ 12개월차 반응률 84%



OMERACT-OARSI responder criteria¹



*OMERACT-OARSI response rate

1. Jung Jong Cho, INVOSSA (TissueGene-C) in patients with osteoarthritis: A phase III trial. OARSI 2016 World congress; Poster No. 322 퇴행성관절염 환자를 대상으로 세포매개성 유전자치료제인 '티슈진-C'의 유효성 및 안전성 평가를 위한 위약대조, 양측눈가림, 무작위배정, 평행군, 다기관 공동 제3상 임상시험.

안전성

대부분 투여 부위 국소 반응

body system / preferred term	INVOSA®-K (N=78)	Placebo (N=81)
	N (%)	N (%)
Total	27 (34.6)	10 (12.4)
General disorders and administration site conditions	15 (19.2)	2 (2.5)
Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders¹⁾	7 (9.0)	6 (7.4)
Arthralgia	3 (3.9)	2 (2.5)
Joint Stiffness	1 (1.3)	1 (1.2)
Joint Swelling	5 (6.4)	3 (3.7)
Muscle Tightness	1 (1.3)	0
Spondylolisthesis	0	1 (1.2)
Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders	3 (3.9)	0 (0.0)
Renal and urinary disorders (Hypertensive Nephropathy, etc.)	1 (1.3)	1 (1.2)
Gastrointestinal disorders (Diarrhea)	1 (1.3)	1 (1.2)
Infections and infestations (Cystitis, Tonsillitis)	1 (1.3)	1 (1.2)
Metabolism and nutrition disorders (Diabetes Mellitus, Hyperlipidaemia)	2 (2.6)	0 (0.0)
Nervous system disorders (Facial Spasm)	0 (0.0)	1 (1.23)

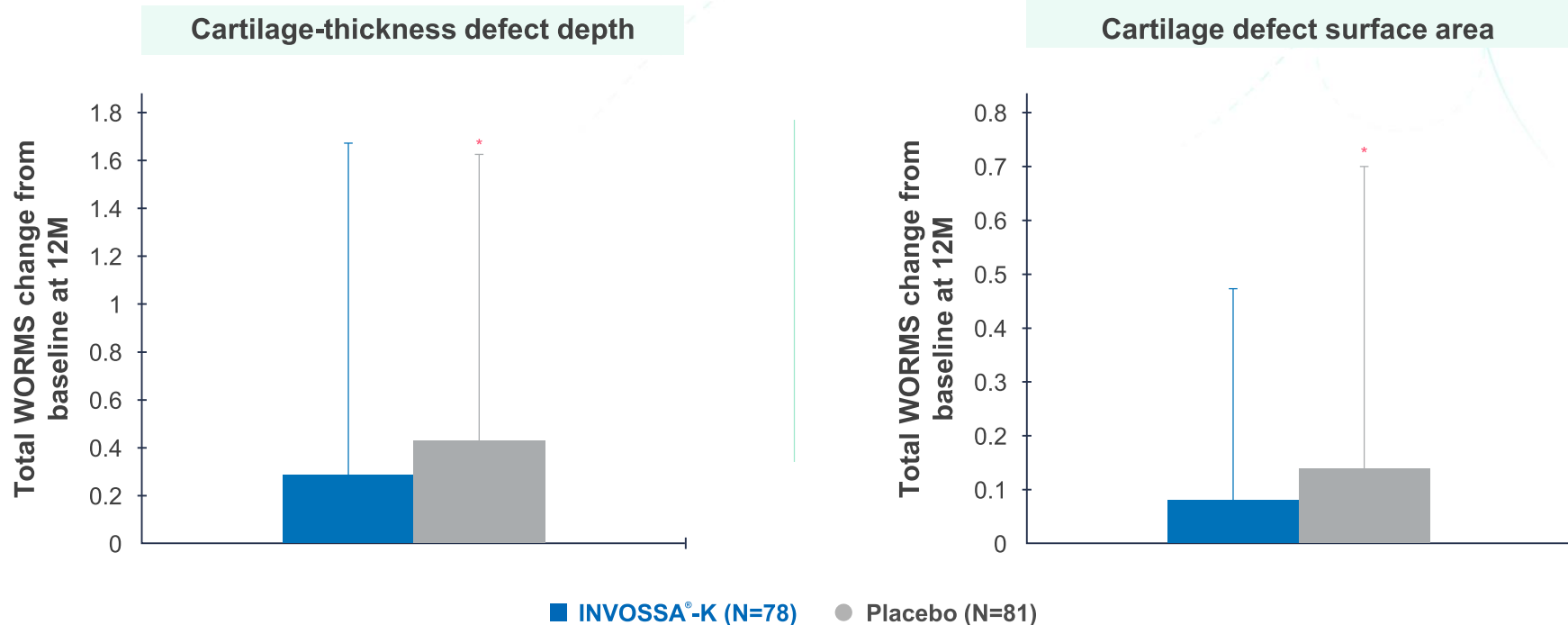
Biomarker 분석

Measurements	Evaluation	CRO
X-ray (SynaFlexer™)	Joint Space Width	Bioclinica(Synarc) (USA)
MRI (3T)	WORMS ¹⁾ Quantitative	Qmetrics (USA) Imorphics (UK)
ELISA	Liquid biomarkers (Serum and urine)	Nordic Bioscience (Denmark)

1 Whole-Organ Magnetic Resonance Imaging Score

Cartilage defect changes in WORMS

- + 인보사 투여군에서는 투여 전 후 Cartilage defect score의 차이가 없음
- + 대조군에서는 투여 전 대비 투여 후 total cartilage defect score가 유의하게 증가함



Total WORMS : [Medial(Tibia+WB Femur+Posterior condyle)] + [Trochlea+Patella], [Lateral(Tibia+WB Femur+Posterior condyle)]

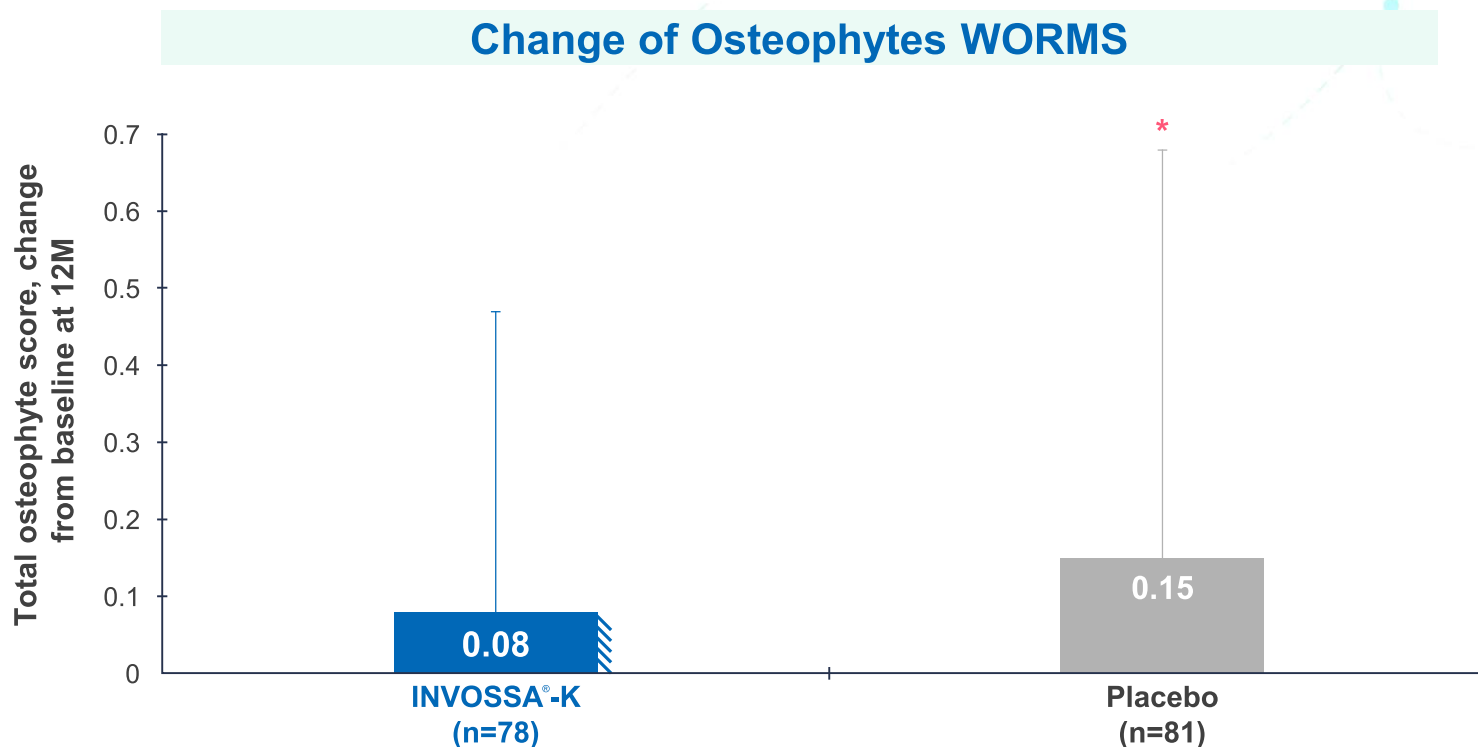
Statistical analysis, Wilcoxon signed rank test, within group * $p < 0.05$

Cartilage-thickness defect depth WORMS: from 0 (normal) to 6 (worst possible score)

Cartilage defect surface area WORMS: from 0 (normal) to 5 (worst possible score)

Osteophyte change in WORMS

- + 인보사 투여군에서는 투여 전 후 Osteophyte score 차이가 없음
- + 대조군에서는 투여전 대비 투여 후 total osteophyte score가 유의하게 증가함



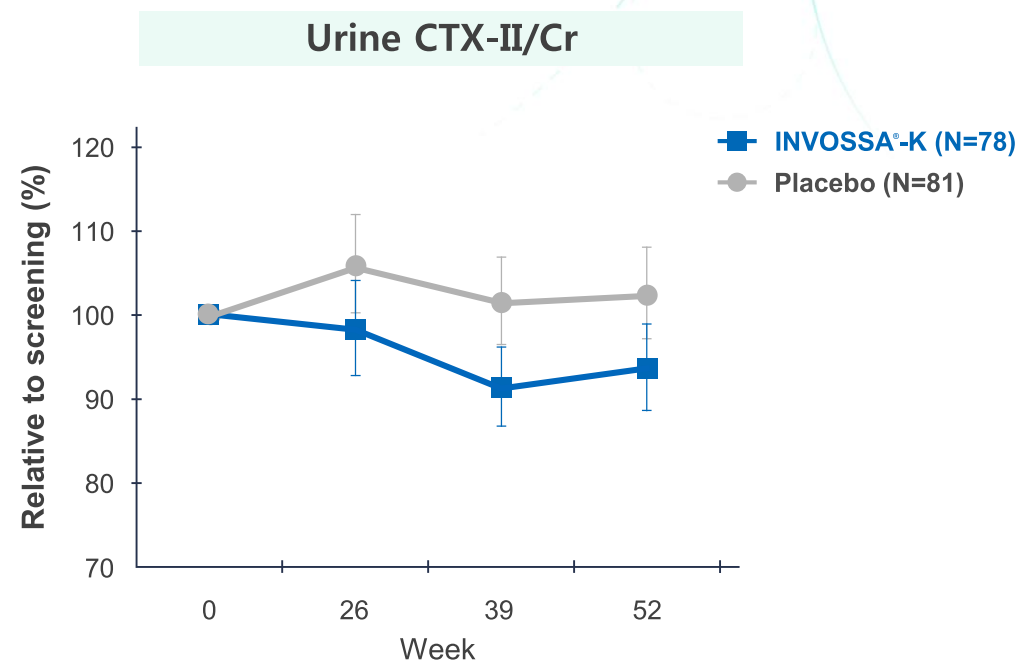
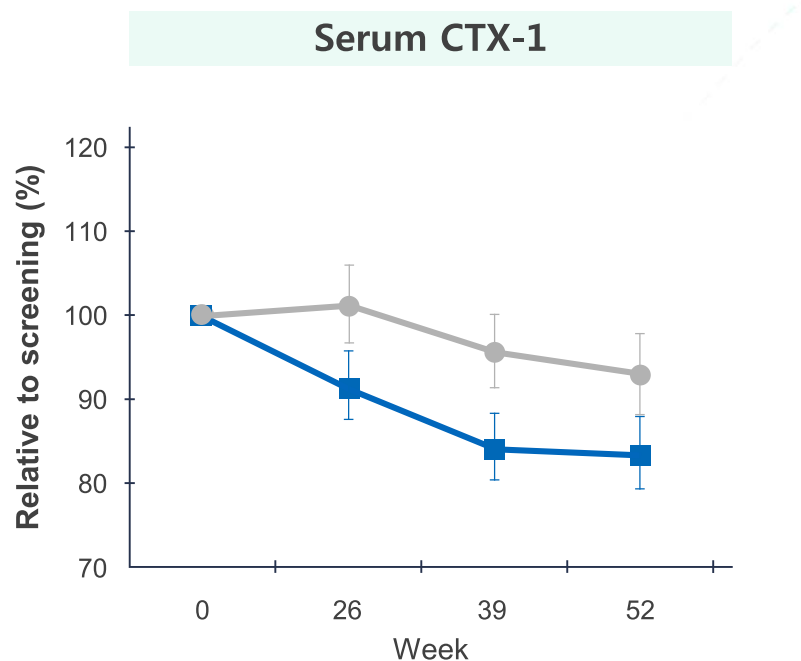
Statistical analysis, Wilcoxon signed rank test, * $p < 0.05$

Osteophyte WORMS: from 0 (normal) to 4 (worst possible score)

* Osteophyte (total WORMS score) : [Medial (Tibia+WB Femur+Posterior condyle)] + [Trochlea+Patella], [Lateral (Tibia+WB Femur+Posterior condyle)]

Liquid biomarker 분석

+ serum CTX-I and urine CTX-II/Cr



Assay and analysis performed at Nordic Bioscience Lab

CTX-I (C-terminal telopeptide of type I collagen): Serum biomarker of MMP-generated fragment released during bone degradation

CTX-II (C-terminal telopeptide of type II collagen): Urine biomarker of MMP-generated fragment released during cartilage degradation

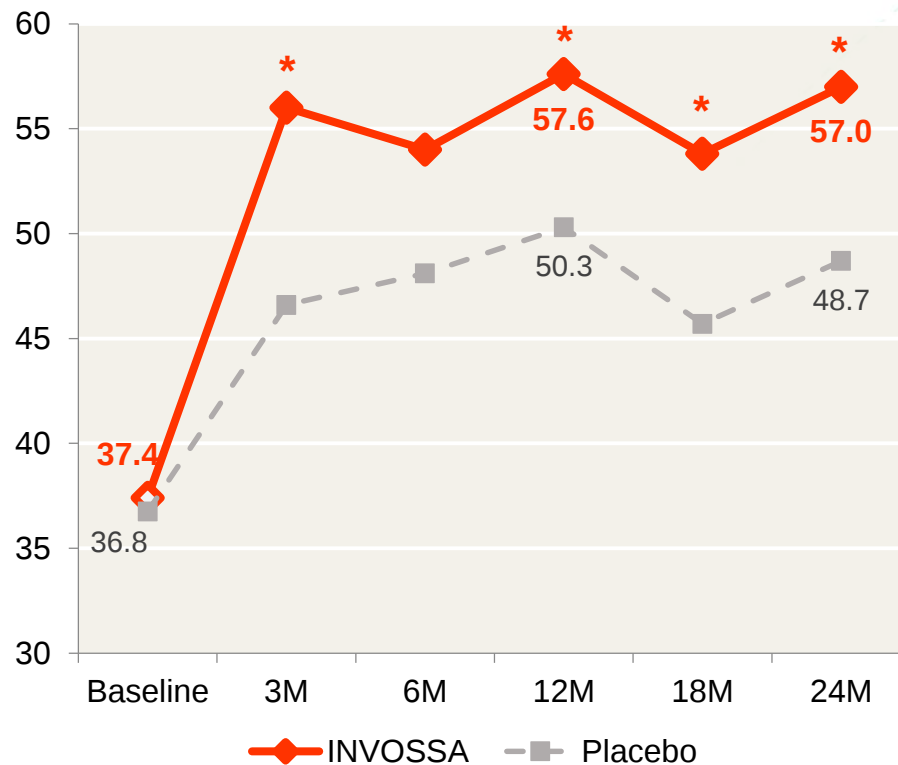
CTX-II is reported as a normalized ratio to urinary creatinine in order to account for variations in urine flow rate

* Between treatment group p -value < 0.05

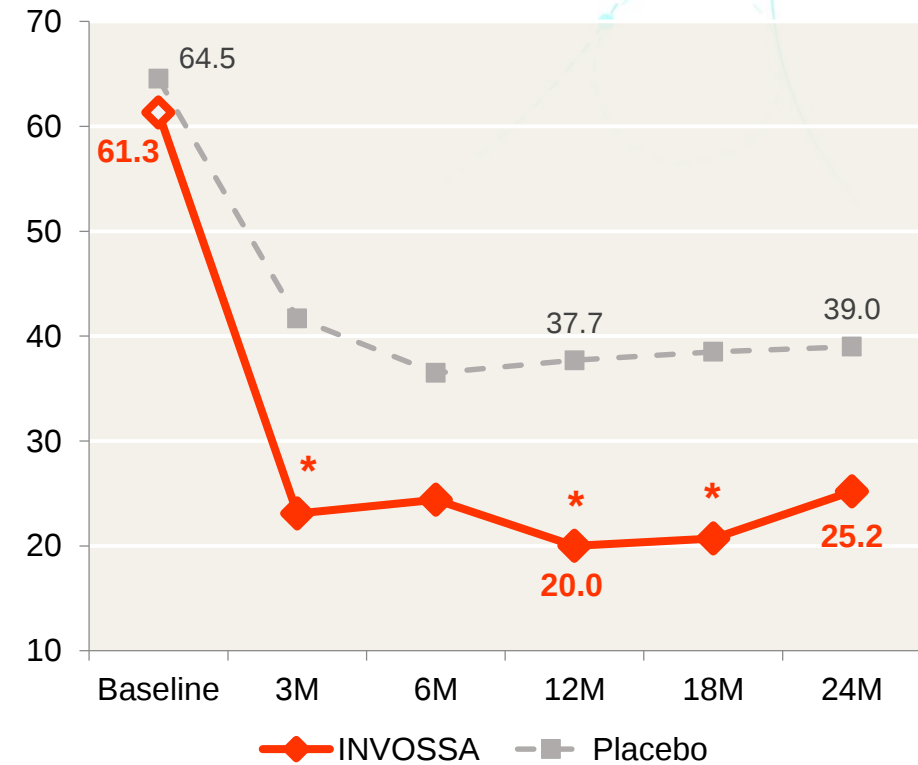
IKDC & VAS 개선

+ 24개월까지 IKDC & VAS 개선

IKDC¹ Score



VAS² Score



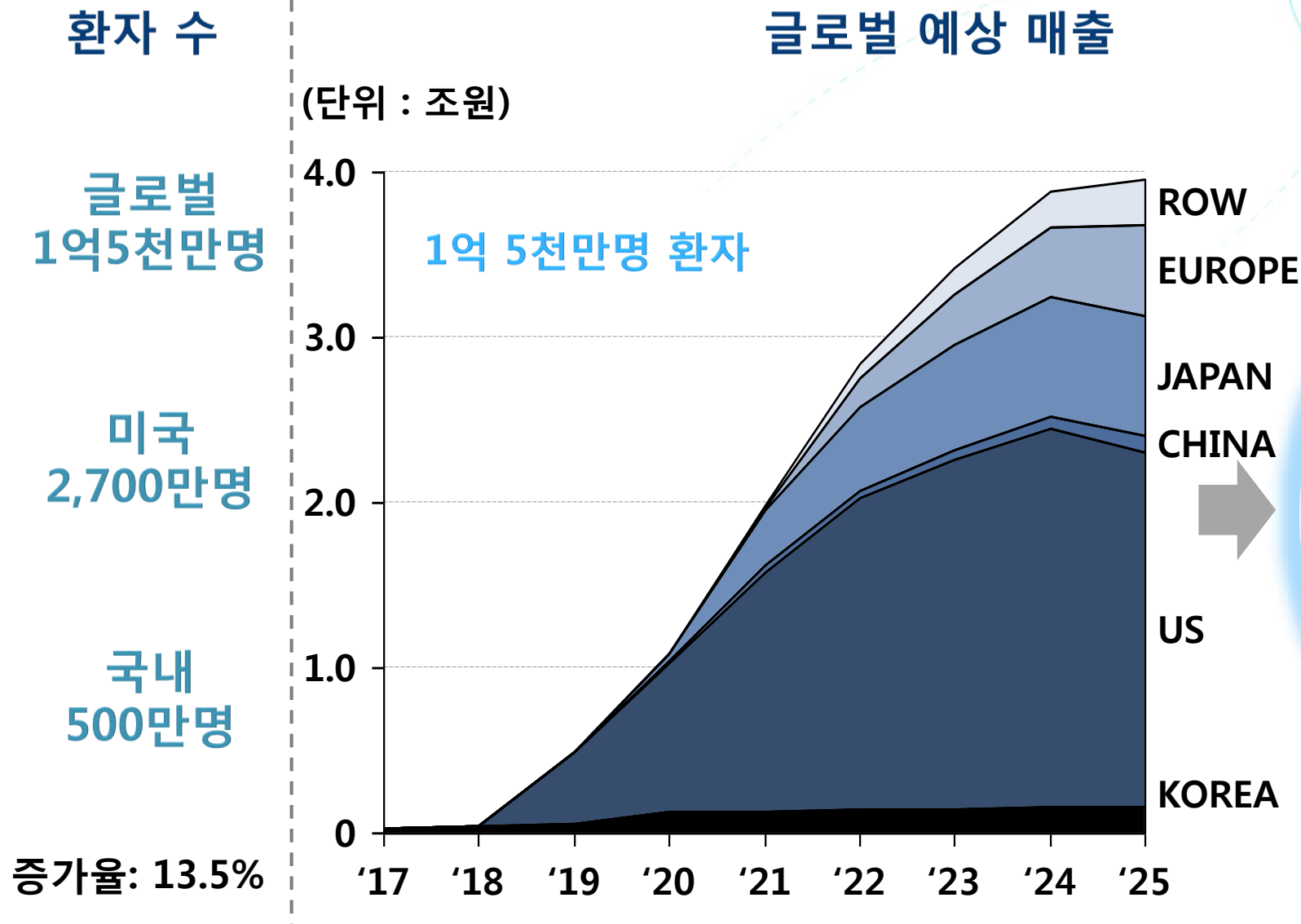
Statistical Analysis: Linear mixed model (ITT Population)

Between treatment group p-value<0.05; Within group p-value<0.05; Within group p-value>0.05

1 IKDC (International Knee Documentation Committee): Symptom, sports activity and function

2 VAS (Visual Analogue Scale): 0 being no pain and 100 being intolerable pain

시장 규모



INVOSA
글로벌 매출
3.9조 원

요약 및 결론

기존 약물에 반응하지 않지만 수술 받기 이른 환자들에게 새로운 치료옵션 제공
→ Treatment gap을 커버하며 질병 진행을 지연

단회 투여로 2년 이상 통증 완화 및 활동성 개선

기존 치료에 반응하지 않는 환자에서 80% 이상의 반응을 확인

DMOAD 치료제로서의 가능성 제시

THANK YOU